

# Material Safety Data Sheet

Alloy Sn63-Pb37 NC 259



## 1. Product and company identification

<b>Product name</b>	: Alloy Sn63-Pb37 NC 259
<b>Synonym</b>	: Not applicable
<b>Material uses</b>	: Industrial applications: Soldering
<b>Manufacturer</b>	: AIM 9100 Henri Bourassa East Montreal, QC H1E 2S4 (514) 494-2000  In the United States: AIM 25 Kenney Drive Cranston, RI 02920 (800) CALL-AIM
<b>Validation date</b>	: 10/13/2016
<b>Print date</b>	: 10/13/2016
<b><u>In case of emergency</u></b>	: INFOTRAC North America: (800) 535-5053 International: (352) 323-3500
<b>Product type</b>	: Solid. [Paste.]

## 2. Hazards identification

### Emergency overview

<b>Physical state</b>	: Solid. [Paste.]
<b>Color</b>	: not available
<b>Odor</b>	: Typical rosin.
<b>Signal word</b>	: WARNING!
<b>Hazard statements</b>	: HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.
<b>Precautionary measures</b>	: Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Obtain special instructions before use. Do not ingest. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Use personal protective equipment as required. Wash thoroughly after handling.
<b>OSHA/HCS status</b>	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

### Potential acute health effects

<b>Inhalation</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Ingestion</b>	: Toxic if swallowed.
<b>Skin</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
<b>Eyes</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Potential chronic health effects

<b>Chronic effects</b>	: Contains material that can cause target organ damage.
<b>Carcinogenicity</b>	: Contains material which can cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
<b>Mutagenicity</b>	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 2. Hazards identification

- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Target organs** : Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: the nervous system, the reproductive system, spleen, brain, digestive system, eye, lens or cornea.  
Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: blood, kidneys, lungs, mucous membranes, peripheral nervous system, gastrointestinal tract, cardiovascular system, upper respiratory tract, immune system, skin, bone marrow, central nervous system (CNS).

### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Ingestion** : No specific data.
- Skin** : No specific data.
- Eyes** : No specific data.
- Medical conditions aggravated by over-exposure** : Pre-existing disorders involving any target organs mentioned in this MSDS as being at risk may be aggravated by over-exposure to this product.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

### United States

Name	CAS number	%
tin	7440-31-5	50 - 60
lead	7439-92-1	30 - 40
Rosin, hydrogenated	65997-06-0	0.1 - 10

### Canada

Name	CAS number	%
tin	7440-31-5	50 - 60
lead	7439-92-1	30 - 40

### Mexico

Name	CAS number	UN number	%	IDLH	Classification			
					H	F	R	Special
lead Rosin, hydrogenated	7439-92-1	UN3077	30 - 40	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	2	0	0	-
	65997-06-0	Not regulated.	0.1 - 10	-	2	0	0	-
tin	7440-31-5	Not regulated.	50 - 60	100 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	0	0	0	-

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

## 4. First aid measures

- Eye contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical attention immediately.
- Skin contact** : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.
- Inhalation** : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention immediately.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical attention immediately.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.
- Notes to physician** : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

- Flammability of the product** : No specific fire or explosion hazard.
- Extinguishing media**
- Suitable** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Not suitable** : None known.
- Special exposure hazards** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
metal oxide/oxides
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Personal precautions** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).
- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
- Methods for cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## 7. Handling and storage

- Handling** : Avoid contact with eyes. Do not ingest. Avoid prolonged or repeated contact with skin. Keep container closed. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wash thoroughly after handling.
- Storage** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### United States

Ingredient	Exposure limits
tin	<p><b>OSHA (United States, 0/1997). Notes: Respirable</b> TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup></p> <p><b>NIOSH (United States, 0/1994). Notes: Respirable</b> TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> STEL: 4 mg/m<sup>3</sup></p> <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 10 hours.</p>
lead	<p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2016).</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Pb) 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013).</b> TWA: 0.05 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).</b> TWA: 50 µg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Pb) 8 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> TWA: 50 µg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Pb) 8 hours.</p>

### Canada

<u>Occupational exposure limits</u>		TWA (8 hours)			STEL (15 mins)			Ceiling			Notations
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Other	
tin, as Sn	US ACGIH 3/2016	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
tin	BC 5/2015	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2015	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 1/2014	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	SK 7/2013	-	2	-	-	4	-	-	-	-	
lead, as Pb	US ACGIH 3/2016	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	AB 4/2009	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 5/2015	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	ON 7/2015	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	QC 1/2014	-	0.05	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
lead, measured as Pb	SK 7/2013	-	0.05	-	-	0.15	-	-	-	-	

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Mexico

#### Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient	Exposure limits
tin	<b>NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> LMPE-PPT: 2 mg/m <sup>3</sup> 8 hours.
lead	<b>NOM-010-STPS (Mexico, 4/2016).</b> LMPE-PPT: 0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> , (as Pb) 8 hours.

Consult local authorities for acceptable exposure limits.

**Recommended monitoring procedures** : If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

**Engineering measures** : If user operations generate dust, fumes, gas, vapor or mist, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits.

**Hygiene measures** : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Personal protection

**Respiratory** : Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

**Hands** : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

**Eyes** : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

**Skin** : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

**Environmental exposure controls** : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

<b>Physical state</b>	: Solid. [Paste.]
<b>Color</b>	: not available
<b>Odor</b>	: Typical rosin.
<b>Dispersibility properties</b>	: Not dispersible in the following materials: cold water, hot water, methanol, diethyl ether, n-octanol and acetone.
<b>Solubility</b>	: Insoluble in the following materials: cold water.
<b>Aerosol product</b>	

## 10. Stability and reactivity

<b>Chemical stability</b>	: The product is stable.
<b>Conditions to avoid</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Incompatible materials</b>	: No specific data.
<b>Hazardous decomposition products</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.
<b>Possibility of hazardous reactions</b>	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

## 11. Toxicological information

### United States

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Rosin, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	52 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Chronic toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Sensitizer

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP	ACGIH	EPA	NIOSH
tin	-	-	-	-	-	None.
lead	-	2B	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.	A3	-	None.
Rosin, hydrogenated	None.	4	-	-	-	-

#### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

## 11. Toxicological information

### Canada

#### Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Classification

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
tin	-	-	-	None.	-	-
lead	A3	2B	-	None.	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.	-
Rosin, hydrogenated	-	4	-	-	-	None.

#### Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

### Mexico

#### Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Rosin, hydrogenated	LD50 Oral	Guinea pig	5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	52 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	8400 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

#### Classification

## 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	ACGIH	IARC	EPA	NIOSH	NTP	OSHA
tin	-	-	-	None.	-	-
lead	A3	2B	-	None.	Reasonably anticipated to be a human carcinogen.	-
Rosin, hydrogenated	-	4	-	-	-	None.

### Mutagenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Teratogenicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Reproductive toxicity

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Other information

: To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein. Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

## 12. Ecological information

**Ecotoxicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### United States

#### Aquatic ecotoxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
lead	Acute EC50 105 ppb Marine water	Algae - Chaetoceros sp. - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.489 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 8000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute LC50 530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.44 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.25 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.03 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	4 weeks

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Persistence/degradability

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Canada

#### Aquatic ecotoxicity



## 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
lead	Acute EC50 105 ppb Marine water	Algae - Chaetoceros sp. - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.489 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 8000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute LC50 530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.44 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.25 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.03 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	4 weeks

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Persistence/degradability**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

### Mexico

**Aquatic ecotoxicity**

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
lead	Acute EC50 105 ppb Marine water	Algae - Chaetoceros sp. - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute EC50 0.489 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Acute EC50 8000 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor	4 days
	Acute LC50 530 µg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 4400 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.44 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.25 mg/l Marine water	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.03 µg/l Fresh water	Fish - Cyprinus carpio	4 weeks

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Persistence/degradability**

**Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.

**Other adverse effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## 13. Disposal considerations

**Waste disposal** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

**Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.**

**Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.**

## 14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
<b>DOT Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		<b>Reportable quantity</b> 30.888 lbs / 14.023 kg Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.
<b>TDG Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>Mexico Classification</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>ADR/RID Class</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>IMDG Class</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-
<b>IATA-DGR Class</b>	Not regulated.	-	-	-		-

PG\* : Packing group

## 15. Regulatory information

### United States

**HCS Classification** : Toxic material  
Carcinogen  
Target organ effects

**U.S. Federal regulations** : **TSCA 6 proposed risk management:** lead  
**TSCA 8(a) PAIR:** 1-(2-butoxy-1-methylethoxy)propan-2-ol; 2,2',2''-nitrotriethanol; 2,2'-iminodiethanol  
**TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption:** Not determined  
**TSCA 8(d) H and S data reporting:** 2,2'-iminodiethanol: 1989  
**TSCA 12(b) annual export notification:** lead  
**Commerce control list precursor:** 2,2',2''-nitrotriethanol  
Not determined.  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 307:** lead  
**Clean Water Act (CWA) 311:** maleic acid

**Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)** : Listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**15. Regulatory information**

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

**SARA 302/304****Composition/information on ingredients**

No products were found.

**SARA 304 RQ** : Not applicable.

**SARA 311/312**

**Classification** : Immediate (acute) health hazard  
Delayed (chronic) health hazard

**Composition/information on ingredients**

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
tin	50 - 60	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.
lead	30 - 40	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.
Rosin, hydrogenated	0.1 - 10	No.	No.	No.	Yes.	No.

**SARA 313**

	Product name	CAS number	%
<b>Form R - Reporting requirements</b>	lead	7439-92-1	30 - 40
<b>Supplier notification</b>	lead	7439-92-1	30 - 40

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

**State regulations**

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: TIN; LEAD

**New York** : The following components are listed: Lead

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: TIN; LEAD

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: TIN; LEAD COMPOUNDS

**California Prop. 65**

**WARNING:** This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
lead	Yes.	Yes.	15 µg/day (ingestion) 0.0005 µg/day (inhalation)	Yes.
2,2'-iminodiethanol	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

**United States inventory (TSCA 8b)** : Not determined.

**Canada**

**WHMIS (Canada)** : Class D-2A: Material causing other toxic effects (Very toxic).

**Canadian lists**

## 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian NPRI** : The following components are listed: Lead (and its compounds)

**CEPA Toxic substances** : The following components are listed: Lead

**Canada inventory** : Not determined.

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the Controlled Products Regulations and the MSDS contains all the information required by the Controlled Products Regulations.

### Mexico

**Classification** :



### International regulations

**International lists** :

- Australia inventory (AICS)**: Not determined.
- China inventory (IECSC)**: Not determined.
- Japan inventory (ENCS)**: Not determined.
- Japan inventory (ISHL)**: Not determined.
- Korea inventory**: Not determined.
- Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register)**: Not determined.
- New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)**: Not determined.
- Philippines inventory (PICCS)**: Not determined.
- Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI)**: Not determined.
- Turkey inventory**: Not determined.

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals** : Not listed

**Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals** : Not listed

## 16. Other information

**Label requirements** : HARMFUL IF SWALLOWED. CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE. CANCER HAZARD - CONTAINS MATERIAL WHICH CAN CAUSE CANCER.

**Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)** :

Health	2
Flammability	0
Physical hazards	0

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

## 16. Other information

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.) :



Reprinted with permission from NFPA 704-2001, Identification of the Hazards of Materials for Emergency Response Copyright ©1997, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This reprinted material is not the complete and official position of the National Fire Protection Association, on the referenced subject which is represented only by the standard in its entirety.

Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

**References** : -CHEMTOX database  
**Other special considerations** : -ALL COMPONENTS WITH SUSCEPTIBLE HAZARDS THAT ARE PRESENT IN A CONCENTRATION GREATER THAN 1 % (GREATER THAN 0.1 % FOR CARCINOGENS) HAVE BEEN DISCLOSED IN THIS SAFETY DOCUMENT.

**Date of printing** : 10/13/2016  
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**Date of previous issue** : No previous validation  
**Version** : 0.01  
**Prepared by** : PTD

☑ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.