

# SAFETY DATA SHEET

Alloy SAC305 NC 259FPA



## Section 1. Identification

**GHS product identifier** : Alloy SAC305 NC 259FPA  
**Reference number** : GHS003  
**Other means of identification** : Not applicable  
**Product type** : Solid. [Solder Paste]

### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

**Supplier's details** : AIM  
9100 Henri Bourassa East  
Montreal, QC  
H1E 2S4  
(514) 494-2000  
  
In the United States:  
AIM  
25 Kenney Drive  
Cranston, RI 02920  
(800) CALL-AIM  
  
In México  
AIM Soldadura de México  
Circuito Interior Norte # 460  
Parque Industrial Salvarcar  
Ciudad Juárez, Chih.  
(656) 630-0032

**Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)** : INFOTRAC  
North America: (800) 535-5053  
International: (352) 323-3500

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**OSHA/HCS status** : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

**Classification of the substance or mixture** : SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1

### GHS label elements

**Hazard pictograms** :



**Signal word** : Warning

**Hazard statements** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

### Precautionary statements

**Prevention** : Wear protective gloves. Avoid breathing dust. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

**Response** : Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention.

**Storage** : Not applicable.

## Section 2. Hazards identification

**Disposal** : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

**Hazards not otherwise classified** : None known.

## Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

**Substance/mixture** : Mixture

**Other means of identification** : Not applicable

| Ingredient name     | %         | CAS number |
|---------------------|-----------|------------|
| Tin                 | ≥75 - ≤90 | 7440-31-5  |
| Silver              | ≤3        | 7440-22-4  |
| Copper              | ≤1        | 7440-50-8  |
| Rosin, hydrogenated | <15       | 65997-06-0 |

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

**There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.**

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

## Section 4. First aid measures

### Description of necessary first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Skin contact** : Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

#### Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.
- Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

#### Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : No specific data.

## Section 4. First aid measures

- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
irritation  
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

- Notes to physician** : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

## Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

### Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

- Specific hazards arising from the chemical** : No specific fire or explosion hazard.

- Hazardous thermal decomposition products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:  
carbon dioxide  
carbon monoxide  
metal oxide/oxides

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.

- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
- For emergency responders** : If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

- Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

### Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

- Small spill** : Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

## Section 6. Accidental release measures

- Large spill** : Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

## Section 7. Handling and storage

### Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

- Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities** : Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

### Control parameters

#### Occupational exposure limits

| Ingredient name | Exposure limits   |
|-----------------|---|
| Tin             | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b> [Tin and inorganic compounds, excluding Tin hydride and indium tin oxide as Sn]<br/>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b><br/>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 10 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).</b> [Tin, inorganic compounds (except oxides) (as Sn)]<br/>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Sn) 8 hours.</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> [Tin, inorganic compounds (except oxides) as Sn]<br/>TWA: 2 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (measured as Sn) 8 hours. Form: Inorganic</p> |
| silver          | <p><b>ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023).</b><br/>TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Dust and fumes</p> <p><b>OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989).</b> [Silver, metal and soluble compounds (as Ag)]<br/>TWA: 0.01 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ag) 8 hours.</p> <p><b>NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).</b> [silver metal dust and soluble compounds as Ag]<br/>TWA: 0.01 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ag) 10 hours. Form: METAL DUST AND SOLUBLE</p>   |

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Copper

**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). [Silver, metal and soluble compounds (as Ag)]**  
TWA: 0.01 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Ag) 8 hours.

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Copper Dusts and mists, as Cu]**  
TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dust and mist

**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Copper Dust and mists (as Cu)]**  
TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists

**NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).**  
TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 10 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists

**OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).**  
TWA: 1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists

**TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume**

**ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2023). [Copper Fume]**  
TWA: 0.2 mg/m<sup>3</sup> 8 hours. Form: Fume

**OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). [Copper Fume (as Cu)]**  
TWA: 0.1 mg/m<sup>3</sup>, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume

### Appropriate engineering controls

- : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

### Environmental exposure controls

- : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

### Individual protection measures

#### Hygiene measures

- : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

#### Eye/face protection

- : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

#### Skin protection

##### Hand protection

- : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

##### Body protection

- : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

##### Other skin protection

- : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

## Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

- Respiratory protection** : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

## Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

### Appearance

- Physical state** : Solid. [Solder Paste]  
**Color** : Not available.  
**Odor** : Not available.  
**Odor threshold** : Not available.  
**pH** : Not available.  
**Melting point** : Not available.  
**Boiling point** : Not available.  
**Flash point** : Not applicable.  
**Evaporation rate** : Not available.  
**Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.  
**Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits** : Not applicable.  
**Vapor pressure** : Not available.  
**Vapor density** : Not applicable.  
**Relative density** : Not available.  
**Solubility** : Not available.  
**Solubility in water** : Not available.  
**Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water** : Not applicable.  
**Auto-ignition temperature** : Not applicable.  
**Decomposition temperature** : Not available.  
**Viscosity** : Not applicable.  
**Flow time (ISO 2431)** : Not available.

## Section 10. Stability and reactivity

- Reactivity** : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
- Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- Incompatible materials** : No specific data.
- Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

## Section 11. Toxicological information

### Information on toxicological effects

#### Acute toxicity

Not available.

#### Irritation/Corrosion

Not available.

#### Sensitization

Not available.

#### Mutagenicity

Not available.

#### Carcinogenicity

Not available.

#### Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

#### Teratogenicity

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

#### Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

#### Aspiration hazard

Not available.

**Information on the likely routes of exposure** : Not available.

### Potential acute health effects

**Eye contact** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.  
**Skin contact** : May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
**Ingestion** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

**Eye contact** : No specific data.  
**Inhalation** : No specific data.  
**Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:  
 irritation  
 redness  
**Ingestion** : No specific data.

### Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

#### Short term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

#### Long term exposure

**Potential immediate effects** : Not available.



## Section 11. Toxicological information

**Potential delayed effects** : Not available.

### Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- General** : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
- Carcinogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Mutagenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Teratogenicity** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Developmental effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
- Fertility effects** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

### Numerical measures of toxicity

#### Acute toxicity estimates

| Route | ATE value       |
|-------|-----------------|
| Oral  | 130347.59 mg/kg |

## Section 12. Ecological information

### Toxicity

| Product/ingredient name | Result                             | Species  | Exposure |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|----------|
| silver                  | Acute EC50 1.4 µg/l Marine water   | Algae - Chroomonas sp.   | 4 days   |
|                         | Acute EC50 0.24 µg/l Fresh water   | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 48 hours |
| Copper                  | Acute LC50 11 µg/l Fresh water     | Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia reticulata                                    | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 2.13 µg/l Fresh water   | Fish - Pimephales promelas   | 96 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 5 mg/l Marine water   | Algae - Glenodinium halli  | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water   | Aquatic plants - Lemna minor   | 4 days   |
|                         | Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute IC50 16 µg/l Fresh water     | Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa - Exponential growth phase                 | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water   | Aquatic plants - Plantae - Exponential growth phase                      | 72 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water | Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult  | 48 hours |
|                         | Acute LC50 7.56 µg/l Marine water  | Fish - Periophthalmus waltoni - Adult                                    | 96 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water | Algae - Nitzschia closterium - Exponential growth phase                  | 72 hours |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water    | Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum                                  | 3 days   |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water | Crustaceans - Cambarus bartonii - Mature                                 | 21 days  |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water    | Daphnia - Daphnia magna  | 21 days  |
|                         | Chronic NOEC 0.8 µg/l Fresh water  | Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) | 6 weeks  |

### Persistence and degradability

Not available.

### Bioaccumulative potential



## Section 12. Ecological information

| Product/ingredient name | LogP <sub>ow</sub> | BCF | Potential |
|-------------------------|--------------------|-----|-----------|
| silver                  | -                  | 70  | low       |

### Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K<sub>oc</sub>) : Not available.

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

## Section 13. Disposal considerations

**Disposal methods** : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

## Section 14. Transport information

|                            | DOT<br>Classification   | TDG<br>Classification | Mexico<br>Classification | ADR/RID        | IMDG           | IATA           |
|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| UN number                  | Not regulated.  | Not regulated.        | Not regulated.           | Not regulated. | Not regulated. | Not regulated. |
| UN proper shipping name    | -   | -                     | -                        | -              | -              | -              |
| Transport hazard class(es) | -   | -                     | -                        | -              | -              | -              |
| Packing group              | -   | -                     | -                        | -              | -              | -              |
| Environmental hazards      | No.   | No.                   | No.                      | No.            | No.            | No.            |
| Additional information     | <b>Reportable quantity</b><br>40160.6 lbs / 18232.9 kg.<br>Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements. |                       |                          |                |                |                |

## Section 14. Transport information

**Special precautions for user** : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

**Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments** : Not available.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Clean Air Act Section 112** : Listed

**(b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)**

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances** : Not listed

**Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances** : Not listed

**DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)** : Not listed

**DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)** : Not listed

### State regulations

**Massachusetts** : The following components are listed: TIN; SILVER

**New York** : The following components are listed: Silver

**New Jersey** : The following components are listed: TIN; bis(2-butoxyethyl) ether; SILVER

**Pennsylvania** : The following components are listed: TIN; bis(2-butoxyethyl) ether; SILVER COMPOUNDS

### California Prop. 65

This product does not require a Safe Harbor warning under California Prop. 65.

### International regulations

#### Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

#### Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

#### Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

#### UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

### International lists

#### National inventory

**Australia** : Not determined.

**Canada** : Not determined.

**China** : Not determined.

**Europe** :

**Japan** : **Japan inventory (CSCL):** Not determined.  
**Japan inventory (ISHL):** Not determined.

**Malaysia** : Not determined

**New Zealand** : Not determined.

**Philippines** : Not determined.

**Republic of Korea** : Not determined.

**Taiwan** : Not determined.

## Section 15. Regulatory information

**Turkey** : Not determined.

## Section 16. Other information

### Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

|                  |   |   |
|------------------|---|---|
| Health           | / | 3 |
| Flammability     |   | 1 |
| Physical hazards |   | 0 |
|                  |   |   |

### National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

### Procedure used to derive the classification

| Classification                  | Justification      |
|---------------------------------|--------------------|
| SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 | Calculation method |

### History

**Date of printing** : 4/26/2024

**Date of issue/Date of revision** : 4/26/2024

**Date of previous issue** : 4/24/2024

**Version** : 0.08

### Key to abbreviations

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate  
 BCF = Bioconcentration Factor  
 GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals  
 IATA = International Air Transport Association  
 IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container  
 IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods  
 LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient  
 MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)  
 UN = United Nations

**References** : Not available.

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

### Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.